# 20.3 Exercises

#### Exercise 20.1

Find all solutions of the equation, and simplify as much as possible. Do not approximate the solution.

(a) 
$$\tan(x) = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$$
 (b)  $\sin(x) = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$  (c)  $\sin(x) = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$  (c)  $\cos(x) = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$   
(e)  $\cos(x) = 0$  (f)  $\cos(x) = -0.5$  (g)  $\cos(x) = 1$  (h)  $\sin(x) = 5$   
(i)  $\sin(x) = 0$  (j)  $\sin(x) = -1$  (k)  $\tan(x) = -\sqrt{3}$  (l)  $\cos(x) = 0.2$ 

#### Exercise 20.2

Find all solutions of the equation. Approximate your solution with the calculator.

(a) 
$$\tan(x) = 6.2$$
  
(b)  $\cos(x) = 0.45$   
(c)  $\sin(x) = 0.91$   
(c)  $\sin(x) = 0.91$   
(c)  $\sin(x) = -0.06$   
(c)  $\sin(x) = -0.06$ 

#### Exercise 20.3

Find at least 5 distinct solutions of the equation.

a) 
$$\tan(x) = -1$$
 b)  $\cos(x) = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$  c)  $\sin(x) = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$  d)  $\tan(x) = 0$   
e)  $\cos(x) = 0$  f)  $\cos(x) = 0.3$  g)  $\sin(x) = 0.4$  h)  $\sin(x) = -1$ 

#### Exercise 20.4

Solve for *x*. State the general solution without approximation.

(a) 
$$\tan(x) - 1 = 0$$
  
(b)  $2\sin(x) = 1$   
(c)  $2\cos(x) + \sqrt{3} = 0$   
(c)  $2\cos(x) + \sqrt{3} = 0$ 

### Exercise 20.5

Solve for *x*. State the general solution without approximation.

a)  $2\sin^2(x) - \sqrt{2}\sin(x) = 0$ b)  $\tan^2(x) + \tan(x) = 0$ c)  $2\cos^2(x) + \sqrt{3}\cos(x) = 0$ c)  $\tan^2(x) - 3 = 0$ c)  $\tan^2(x) - 3 = 0$ c)  $\tan(x)\cos(x) + \sqrt{3}\cos(x) = 0$ c)  $\sin^2(x) + \sin(x) - 1 = 0$ c)  $2\sin^2(x) + \sin(x) - 1 = 0$ c)  $2\cos^2(x) + 9\cos(x) = 5$ c)  $\tan^2(x) + \tan(x) = 0$ c)  $\tan^2(x) - \tan(x) = 0$ c)  $\tan^3(x) - \tan(x) = 0$ 

## Exercise 20.6

Use the calculator to find all solutions of the given equation. Approximate the answer to the nearest thousandth.

a) $2\cos(x) = 2\sin(x) + 1$	b) $7 \tan(x) \cdot \cos(2x) = 1$
c) $4\cos^2(3x) + \cos(3x) = \sin(3x) + 2$	d) $\sin(x) + \tan(x) = \cos(x)$