

Mat 1375 HW1

Exercise 1.1

Give examples of numbers that are

a) natural numbers

b) integers

c) integers but not natural numbers

d) rational numbers

e) real numbers

f) rational numbers but not integers

$\rightarrow (0), 1, 2, 3, 4, \dots$

$\rightarrow \dots, -3, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, 3, \dots$

$\rightarrow -5, -4, -3, -2, -1$

$\rightarrow \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{5}, -\frac{7}{4}, -\frac{3}{1}, 10.$

$1, \frac{3}{5}, \sqrt{2}, \pi, e$

$\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{5}, -\frac{7}{4}, -\frac{3}{2}$

Exercise 1.2

Which of the following numbers are natural numbers, integers, rational numbers, or real numbers? Which of these numbers are irrational?

a) $\frac{7}{3}$ b) -5 c) 0 d) $17,000$ e) $\frac{12}{4}$ f) $\sqrt{7}$ g) $\sqrt{25}$

a) rational number, real number

b) integer, rational number, real number

c) integer, (natural number), rational number, real number

d) natural number, integer, rational number, real number


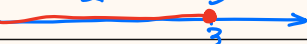

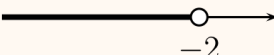


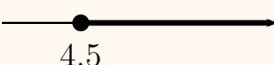

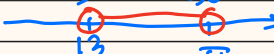
e) natural number, integer, rational number, real number

f) real number, irrational number

g) natural number, integer, rational number, real number

Exercise 1.3

Complete the table.

Inequality notation	Number line	Interval notation
$2 \leq x < 5$		$[2, 5)$
$x \leq 3$		$(-\infty, 3]$
$12 < x \leq 17$		$(12, 17]$
$x < -2$		$(-\infty, -2)$
$-2 \leq x \leq 6$		$[-2, 6]$
$x < 0$		$(-\infty, 0)$
$x \geq 4.5$		$[4.5, \infty)$
$5 < x \leq \sqrt{30}$		$(5, \sqrt{30}]$
$\frac{13}{7} < x < \pi$		$(\frac{13}{7}, \pi)$

Exercise 1.5

In a store, every item that is for sale has a price.

- a) Does the assignment which assigns to an item its price constitute a function (in the sense of Definition 1.8 on page 6)?
- b) Does the assignment which assigns to a given price all items with this price constitute a function?
- c) In the case where the assignment is a function, what is the domain?
- d) In the case where the assignment is a function, what is the range?

a) Yes, an item (input) only gets one price (output)

So "assigning to an item its price" is a function

b) NO, there might be the price assigns to two different items.
(input) (outputs)

c) In (a), domain is items.

d) In (a), range is prices.

Exercise 1.6

A bank offers wealthy customers a certain amount of interest if they keep more than 1 million dollars in their account. The amount is described in the following table.

dollar amount x in the account	interest amount
$x \leq \$1,000,000$	\$0
$\$1,000,000 < x \leq \$10,000,000$	2% of x
$\$10,000,000 < x$	1% of x

- a) Justify that the assignment cash amount to interest defines a function.
- b) Find the interest for an amount of:

- i) \$50,000 ii) \$5,000,000 iii) \$1,000,000
- iv) \$30,000,000 v) \$10,000,000 vi) \$2,000,000

$$a) \text{ Interest} = \begin{cases} 0, & x \leq 1 \text{ Million} \\ 0.02x, & 1 \text{ Million} < x \leq 10 \text{ Millions} \\ 0.01x, & x > 10 \text{ Millions} \end{cases}$$

Since each x (or input) only gets one interest (output), so it is a function.

- b) i) $\$50,000. \leq 1M \Rightarrow \text{interest} = 0$
ii) $1M < \$5,000,000 \leq 10M \Rightarrow \text{interest} = 5M \cdot 0.02 = 0.1M$
iii) $\$1M \leq 1M \Rightarrow \text{interest} = 0$
iv) $\$30M > 10M \Rightarrow \text{interest} = 30M \cdot 0.01 = 0.3M$
v) $1M < \$10M \leq 10M \Rightarrow \text{interest} = 10M \cdot 0.02 = 0.2M$
vi) $1M < \$2M \leq 10M \Rightarrow \text{interest} = 2M \cdot 0.02 = 0.04M$

Exercise 1.7

Find a formula for a function describing the given inputs and outputs.

- a) *input*: the radius of a circle r
output: the circumference of the circle $c \Rightarrow c = f(r) = 2\pi r$
- b) *input*: the side length in an equilateral triangle l
output: the perimeter of the triangle $p \Rightarrow p = f(l) = 3l$
- c) *input*: one side length of a rectangle, with other side length being 3 l
output: the perimeter of the rectangle $p \Rightarrow p = f(l) = 2l + 2 \cdot 3 = 2l + 6$
- d) *input*: the side length of a cube l
output: the volume of the cube $v \Rightarrow v = f(l) = l^3$