Name: _

- This quiz consists of 1 question for a total of 10 points.
- You have 15 minutes to complete the quiz.
- Show all work and justify your answers.
- Scientific calculators are allowed.
- Wishing you success.
- 1. Solve for x:

$$x^3 - 7x^2 + 16x - 10 = 0$$

(Hint: You can find a root of $x^3 - 7x^2 + 16x - 10$ from x = 1, -1, 2, -2, 5, -5, 10, or -10) (1) Using educated guess to find one root of $x^3 - 9x^2 + 16x - 10$. $X = [, (1)^3 - 7(1)^2 + 16 \cdot (1) - 10 = 1 - 7 + 16 - 10 = 0$ $\Rightarrow X = 1$ is a root and (X - 1) is a failor of $x^3 - 7x^2 + 16x - 10$.

(a) Using long division to factor $x^3 - 7x^2 + 16x - 10$ by its GCF (x-1). $x^3 - 7x^2 + (6x - 10) = (x - 1) \cdot (x^2 - 6x + 10)$

3) Find all roots of
$$x^3 - 7x^2 + 16x - 10$$
.

$$\chi^{3} - \gamma \chi^{2} + (6X - 10 = 6K - 1) \cdot (\chi^{2} - 6X + 10) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow X - 1 = 0 \quad \text{or} \quad |\chi^{2} - 6X + 10 = 0$$

$$4| + | \quad A = 1, B = -6, C = 10$$

$$\chi = -(-6) \pm \sqrt{(-6)^{2} - 4 \cdot (-10)} = \frac{6 \pm \sqrt{36 - 40}}{2} \quad 36 - 40 = -4$$

$$\chi = \frac{-(-6) \pm \sqrt{(-6)^{2} - 4 \cdot (-10)}}{2 \cdot (-6)^{2} - 4 \cdot (-10)} = \frac{6 \pm \sqrt{36 - 40}}{2} \quad \sqrt{-4} = \sqrt{4}$$

D

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$$\Rightarrow \chi = 1, \quad \chi = \frac{6 \pm 2i}{2} = \frac{2(3 \pm i)}{2} = 3 \pm i,$$
$$\Rightarrow \chi = 1, \quad \chi = 3 \pm i, \quad \chi = 3 - i.$$