

Indeterminate form  
 $\frac{0}{0}, \frac{\infty}{\infty}$   
 $\downarrow$

$0 \cdot \infty, \infty - \infty, \underbrace{0^0, 1^\infty, \infty^0}$  → Take "ln", then use "L", then Take "e"

PRINTABLE VERSION

Sol

Quiz 21

Question 1

Calculate the limit:  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^x - 1}{10 \ln(1+x)}$   $\frac{0}{0}$   
 $\stackrel{L}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^x}{\frac{10}{1+x}}$   
 $= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{10} e^x (1+x) = \frac{1}{10} \cdot 1 = \frac{1}{10}$

- a)  -10
- b)   $\frac{1}{10}$
- c)  1
- d)  0
- e)  -1

Question 2

Calculate the limit:  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x-2}{x^2-4}$   $\frac{0}{0}$   
 $\stackrel{L}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{1}{2x} = \frac{1}{4}$

- a)  -1
- b)  0
- c)   $-\frac{1}{4}$
- d)   $\frac{1}{4}$

OR

$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{(x-2)}{(x+2)(x-2)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{1}{x+2} = \frac{1}{4}$

e)  1

Question 3

Calculate the limit:  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{3 \arctan(x)}{x}$   $\frac{0}{0}$   
 $\stackrel{L}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{3 \cdot \frac{1}{1+x^2}}{1}$   
 $\boxed{3 \arctan(0) = 0} \rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{3}{1+x^2} = 3$

- a)  1
- b)  0
- c)  -3
- d)  3
- e)  -1

Question 4

Calculate the limit:  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^x + e^{-x} - 2}{1 - \cos(11x)}$   $\frac{0}{0}$   
 $\stackrel{L}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{11 \sin(11x)}$   
 $\stackrel{L}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^x + e^{-x}}{11^2 \cos(11x)} = \frac{e^0 + e^0}{11^2 \cdot 1} = \frac{2}{121}$

- a)   $\frac{121}{2}$
- b)   $\frac{2}{121}$
- c)  0
- d)  1
- e)   $\frac{4}{121}$

Question 5

Calculate the limit:  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{3 + 3x - 3e^x}{6x(e^x - 1)}$

$\frac{0}{0}$  L'  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{3 - 3e^x}{6(e^x - 1) + 6xe^x}$

a)  0b)   $-\frac{1}{4}$ c)   $-\frac{1}{2}$ d)  -4e)   $\frac{1}{4}$ 

$\frac{0}{0}$  L'  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{-3e^x}{6e^x + 6e^x + 6xe^x} = \frac{-3e^0}{e^0 + 6e^0 + 0} = \frac{-3}{12} = -\frac{1}{4}$

## Question 6

Calculate the limit:  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{xe^{9x} - x}{1 - \cos(9x)}$

$\frac{0}{0}$  L'  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^{9x} + 9xe^{9x} - 1}{9 \sin(9x)}$

a)   $\frac{2}{9}$ b)   $\frac{9}{2}$ c)   $\frac{4}{9}$ d)  0e)  9

$\frac{0}{0}$  L'  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{9e^{9x} + 9e^{9x} + 9xe^{9x}}{81 \cos(9x)}$

$= \frac{9e^0 + 9e^0 + 0}{81 \cos(0)} = \frac{9+9}{81} = \frac{2}{9}$

## Question 7

Calculate the limit:  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{4x - \sin(\pi x)}{2x^2 - 1}$

$= \frac{0 - 0}{2 \cdot 0 - 1} = \frac{0}{-1} = 0$

a)  2b)  -1c)   $2\pi$ d)  -1e)  0

## Question 8

Calculate the limit:  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\ln(x^7)}{x}$

$\frac{\infty}{\infty}$  L'  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{7}{x}}{1}$

a)  1b)   $\frac{1}{7}$ c)  -1d)  7e)  0

$= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{7}{x} = 0$

## Question 9

Calculate the limit:  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} x^{\left(\frac{1}{x-1}\right)}$

$\Rightarrow 1^{\infty} \Rightarrow$  use L'

Q9.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} x^{\frac{8}{x-1}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} e^{\ln(x)^{\frac{8}{x-1}}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} e^{\frac{8}{x-1} \cdot \ln x}$

Print Test

[!  $e^{\ln f(x)} = f(x)$ ]

[! exp. function is continuous]

$\Rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{8}{x-1} \cdot \ln x$

Print Test

https://assessment.casa.uh.edu/Assessment/Print...

- a) 0
- b)  $-e^8$
- c)  $-e^8$
- d)  $-e^8$
- e) 1

$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{8 \ln x}{x-1}$   
 $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\frac{8}{x}}{1} = 8$

$\Rightarrow e^8$

- c)  $e^6$
- d)  $-e^7$
- e)  $-e^6$

[!  $e^{\ln f(x)} = f(x)$ ]

Question 10

Calculate the limit:  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left( \frac{8}{x} - 8 \cot(x) \right)$   
 Combine  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left( \frac{8}{x} - \frac{8 \cos(x)}{\sin(x)} \right)$

- a) 2
- b) 4
- c) 0
- d) 8
- e) -8

$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left( \frac{8 \sin(x) - 8x \cos(x)}{x \sin(x)} \right)$   
 $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{8 \cos(x) - 8 \cos(x) + 8x \sin(x)}{\sin(x) + x \cos(x)}$   
 $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{8 \sin(x) + 8x \cos(x)}{\cos(x) + \cos(x) - x \sin(x)}$   
 $= \frac{0}{2} = 0$

Question 11

Calculate the limit:  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (x^6 + 1)^{\frac{1}{\ln(x)}}$

- a)  $e^7$
- b) 0

Q11.

$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (x^6 + 1)^{\frac{1}{\ln(x)}}$   
 $= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} e^{\frac{\ln(x^6 + 1)}{\ln(x)}}$   
 $= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} e^{\frac{\ln(x^6 + 1)}{\ln(x)}}$   
 [exp. function is continuous]  $= e^{\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\ln(x^6 + 1)}{\ln(x)}}$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\ln(x^6 + 1)}{\ln(x)}$   
 $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{6x^5}{x}$   
 $= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{6x^6}{x^6 + 1} = 6$

$\Rightarrow e^6$

