## PRINTABLE VERSION

Quiz 14

# You scored 0 out of 100

### Question 1

## You did not answer the question.

Find the interval of convergence.

$$\sum (k+1) x^{k+4}$$

- a) (-1, 4)
- **b**) (-4, 4)
- c) (-1, 1)
- **d**) 
  [ -1, 1]
- e) [ -4, 4]

### Question 2

### You did not answer the question.

Find the interval of convergence.

$$\sum \frac{x^k}{(2k+2)!}$$

- a) [ -2, 2]
- **b**) (-2, 2)
- c) (-∞, ∞)
- **d**) (-1, 1)
- e) (0, 2)

### Question 3

### You did not answer the question.

Find the interval of convergence.

$$\sum \frac{2^k x^k}{(k+3)^2}$$

$$\mathbf{a)} \quad \boxed{\left[-\frac{1}{2}, \, \frac{1}{2}\right]}$$

- **b)** [-3, 3]
- c) [ -2, 2]
- d) (-1, 1)
- e)  $\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\right)$

### **Question 4**

## You did not answer the question.

Find the interval of convergence.

$$\sum \frac{x^k}{(k+3)\ 3^k}$$

- **a**) [-4, 4]
- **b**) (-4, 4)
- **c**) [-1, 1]
- **d**) (-3, 3]
- e) [-3, 3)

#### **Question 5**

## You did not answer the question.

Find the interval of convergence.

$$\sum \frac{x^k}{(k+5)^2 \, 3^k}$$

- a) [-5, 5]
- **b)**  $\bigcirc$  (-3, 3)

## You did not answer the question.

Find the interval of convergence.

$$\sum \frac{(k-5) \, x^{(k+4)}}{k-4}$$

### Question 7

### You did not answer the question.

Find the interval of convergence.

$$\sum \frac{4 \, k^2 \, x^{k+1}}{e^{k+1}}$$

#### **Question 8**

## You did not answer the question.

Find the interval of convergence.

$$\sum \frac{\left(-1\right)^k \left(x-8\right)^k}{k^k}$$

$$\mathbf{b)} \ \bigcirc \ \ \big( \ - \ \infty \ , \ \infty \ \big)$$

### Question 9

### You did not answer the question.

Find the interval of convergence.

$$\sum (k+2)! x^{k+3}$$

### **Question 10**

# You did not answer the question.

Find the interval of convergence.

$$\sum \frac{(-1)^k 6^k x^k}{8^{k+1}}$$

$$\mathbf{a)} \ \bigcirc \ \left[ -\frac{1}{6}, \, \frac{1}{6} \right]$$

c) 
$$\left(-\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4}\right)$$

$$\left[-\frac{4}{3},\frac{4}{3}\right]$$

e) 
$$\left(-\frac{4}{3}, \frac{4}{3}\right)$$

## You did not answer the question.

Find the interval of convergence.

$$\sum \frac{(-1)^k \, k! \, (x-2)^k}{(k+1)^3}$$

- a) (0)
- **b)** (2)
- c) (-2, 2)
- **d**) (-1, 1)
- e) (1)

### **Question 12**

### You did not answer the question.

Find the interval of convergence.

$$\sum \frac{(-1)^k k^2 (x+2)^k}{(k+3)!}$$

- a) (-1, 1)
- **b**) (0)
- c) [-1, 1]
- **d**) (1)
- e) ( -∞, ∞)

## You did not answer the question.

Find the interval of convergence.

$$\sum \frac{k^3 (x-10)^k}{e^k}$$

- a) [-1, 1]
- **b)**  $\bigcirc$  (-e+10, e+10)
- e) [ -e+10, e+10]
- d) (-e,e)
- e) (-1, 1)

#### **Question 14**

### You did not answer the question.

Find the interval of convergence.

$$\sum \frac{\left(-1\right)^{k} \left(k+4\right) x^{k}}{2^{k}}$$

- a) (-6, 2)
- **b**) (-4, 0)
- c) (-2, 2)
- d) (-2, 6)
- e) (-4, 4)

#### **Question 15**

# You did not answer the question.

$$\frac{1}{(1-x)^7}$$

a) 
$$= 1 + 7x + \frac{7}{2} (8) x^2 + \ldots + \frac{(n+6)! x^n}{n! (6)!} + \ldots$$

b) 
$$\bigcirc$$
 1 + 14 x +  $\frac{7}{4}$  (8)  $x^2 + \ldots + \frac{(n+6)! \ x^n}{(n+1)! \ (7)!} + \ldots$ 

e) 
$$= 1 + 7x + \frac{7}{2} (6) x^2 + \ldots + \frac{(n+5)! x^n}{n! (6)!} + \ldots$$

$$1 + 7x + \frac{7}{4} (8) x^2 + \ldots + \frac{(n+6)! x^n}{n! (7)!} + \ldots$$

e) 
$$= 1 + 14 x + 7 (8) x^2 + \ldots + \frac{(n+6)! x^n}{(n-1)! (6)!} + \ldots$$

### You did not answer the question.

Expand in powers of x.

$$ln(1 - 9x)$$

a) 
$$= -9 x - \frac{1}{3} 9^{(2)} x^2 - \frac{1}{4} 9^{(3)} x^3 - \dots - \frac{9^{n+1} x^{n+1}}{n+2} - \dots$$

$$9 x + \frac{9}{2} x^2 + \frac{1}{3} 9^{(2)} x^3 + \ldots + \frac{9^n x^n}{n+1} + \ldots$$

$$-9 x - \frac{1}{2} 9^{(2)} x^2 - \frac{1}{3} 9^{(3)} x^3 - \dots - \frac{9^{n+1} x^{n+1}}{n+1} - \dots$$

$$-9 x - 9^{(2)} x^2 - \frac{1}{2} 9^{(3)} x^3 - \ldots - \frac{9^{n+1} x^{n+1}}{n} - \ldots$$

$$9 x + \frac{1}{2} 9^{(2)} x^2 + \frac{1}{3} 9^{(3)} x^3 + \ldots + \frac{9^{n+1} x^{n+1}}{n+1} + \ldots$$

#### **Question 17**

### You did not answer the question.

$$4 \sec^2 (4 x)$$

a) 
$$-4 - 4^{(2)} x^3 - \frac{2}{3} 4^{(3)} x^5 - \frac{17}{45} 4^{(4)} x^7 + \dots$$

**b)** 
$$= 4 + 4^{(2)} x^2 + \frac{2}{3} 4^{(3)} x^4 + \frac{17}{45} 4^{(4)} x^6 + \dots$$

e) 
$$-4-4^{(3)}x^3-\frac{2}{3}4^{(5)}x^5-\frac{17}{45}4^{(7)}x^7+\dots$$

**d)** 
$$= 4 + 4^{(3)} x^2 + \frac{2}{3} 4^{(5)} x^4 + \frac{17}{45} 4^{(7)} x^6 + \dots$$

e) 
$$4 + 4^{(3)} x^3 + \frac{2}{3} 4^{(5)} x^5 + \frac{17}{45} 4^{(7)} x^7 + \dots$$

### You did not answer the question.

Expand in powers of x.

a) 
$$-\frac{1}{2} 4^{(2)} x^2 - \frac{1}{12} 4^{(3)} x^4 - \frac{1}{45} 4^{(4)} x^6 - \frac{17}{2520} 4^{(5)} x^8 - \dots$$

b) 
$$\frac{1}{2} 4^{(2)} x^2 + \frac{1}{12} 4^{(4)} x^4 + \frac{1}{45} 4^{(6)} x^6 + \frac{17}{2520} 4^{(8)} x^8 + \dots$$

$$\frac{1}{3} 4^{(2)} x^2 + \frac{2}{15} 4^{(4)} x^4 + \frac{17}{315} 4^{(6)} x^6 + \frac{17}{2520} 4^{(8)} x^8 + \dots$$

$$\begin{array}{c} -\frac{1}{2} \ 4^{(2)} \ x^2 - \frac{1}{12} \ 4^{(4)} \ x^4 - \frac{1}{45} \ 4^{(6)} \ x^6 - \frac{17}{2520} \ 4^{(8)} \ x^8 - \dots \end{array}$$

$$-\frac{1}{3} 4^{(2)} x^2 - \frac{2}{15} 4^{(3)} x^4 - \frac{17}{315} 4^{(4)} x^6 - \frac{17}{2520} 4^{(5)} x^8 - \dots$$

#### **Question 19**

### You did not answer the question.

$$\frac{6x}{1-x^2}$$

$$\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left( -6 x^{2k} \right)$$

$$\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left( -6 \, x^{4 \, k + 1} \right)$$

c) 
$$\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} 6^k x^{4k+2}$$

d) 
$$\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} 6 x^{2k-1}$$

e) 
$$\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} 6 x^{2k+1}$$

# You did not answer the question.

$$5 x \ln(1 + x^6)$$

a) 
$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{5(-1)^k x^{6k-1}}{k}$$

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{k+1} 5^k x^{6k}}{k}$$

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{k+1} 5^k x^{6k-1}}{k}$$

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{5(-1)^{k+1} x^{6k+1}}{k}$$

e) 
$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{5(-1)^k x^{6k+1}}{k}$$