PRINTABLE VERSION

Quiz 10

You scored 0 out of 100

\sim		4
()11	estion	

You did not answer the question.

State whether the sequence converges as $n \to \infty$; if it does, find the limit.

$$\left(\frac{12}{n}\right)^n$$

- a) diverges
- **b**) converges to 0
- c) converges to 12
- d) converges to 1
- e) converges to 11

Question 2

You did not answer the question.

State whether the sequence converges as $n \to \infty$; if it does, find the limit.

$$\frac{7 \ln(n)}{n}$$

- a) converges to 1
- **b**) diverges
- c) converges to 7
- d) converges to ln (7)
- e) converges to 0

Question 3

You did not answer the question.

State whether the sequence converges as $n \rightarrow \infty$; if it does, find the limit.

$$\frac{7^{n+1}}{8^{n-1}}$$

- a) converges to 1
- **b**) diverges
- c) converges to $\frac{1}{8}$
- d) \bigcirc converges to $\frac{7}{8}$
- e) converges to 0

Question 4

You did not answer the question.

State whether the sequence converges as $n \to \infty$; if it does, find the limit.

$$\int_{0}^{n} e^{-S x} dx$$

- a) \bigcirc converges to $\frac{1}{5}$
- **b**) converges to e^{-5}
- c) converges to 1
- d) converges to 0
- e) diverges

Question 5

You did not answer the question.

State whether the sequence converges as $n \to \infty$; if it does, find the limit.

$$\int_{-n}^{n} \frac{9}{1+x^2} \, \mathrm{d}x$$

- a) diverges
- **b**) converges to 0
- c) converges to $\frac{9}{2}\pi$
- d) \bigcirc converges to $^{9}\,\pi$
- e) converges to 1

You did not answer the question.

State whether the sequence converges as $n \to \infty$; if it does, find the limit.

$$n^9 \sin(n \pi)$$

- a) converges to -1
- **b**) converges to 1
- c) converges to 0
- d) converges to 9
- e) diverges

Question 7

You did not answer the question.

State whether the sequence converges as $n \to \infty$; if it does, find the limit.

$$\int_{\frac{1}{x}}^{1} \frac{1}{x^{9/10}} \, dx$$

- a) diverges
- **b**) converges to 9
- c) converges to 10/9



e) converges to 1

Question 8

You did not answer the question.

State whether the sequence converges as $n \rightarrow \infty$; if it does, find the limit.

$$\frac{n!}{(12n)}$$

- a) converges to 0
- **b**) diverges
- c) converges to -1
- d) converges to 1
- e) converges to 1200

Question 9

You did not answer the question.

State whether the sequence converges as $n \to \infty$; if it does, find the limit.

$$\frac{n^n}{3^{n^2}}$$

- a) diverges
- **b)** \bigcirc converges to $\frac{1}{3}$
- c) \bigcirc converges to $\frac{1}{9}$
- d) converges to 0
- e) converges to 1

Question 10

You did not answer the question.

State whether the sequence converges as $n \rightarrow \infty$; if it does, find the limit.

(1 +	3) ^{5 n}
(1+	(5 n)	

- a) converges to 1
- **b**) converges to e^5
- c) \bigcirc converges to
- d) diverges
- e) converges to e³

You did not answer the question.

Calculate the limit.

$$\lim_{x \to 0^+} \frac{\sin(x)}{\left(5\sqrt{x}\right)}$$

- **a**) 0
- **b**) __5
- c) 5
- **d**) 0 -1
- e) 1

Question 12

You did not answer the question.

Calculate the limit.

$$\lim_{x \to 2} \frac{x-2}{x^2-4}$$

- a) 0
- b) 1



$$\frac{1}{4}$$

You did not answer the question.

Calculate the limit.

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{10^x - 1}{x}$$

Question 14

You did not answer the question.

Calculate the limit.

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{e^x + e^{-x} - 2}{(1 - \cos(12x))}$$

$$\frac{1}{72}$$

$$\frac{1}{36}$$

You did not answer the question.

Calculate the limit.

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{(3 + 3x - 3e^{x})}{(4x(e^{x} - 1))}$$

$$-\frac{3}{4}$$

$$\mathbf{b}) \quad \boxed{\frac{3}{8}}$$

$$-\frac{8}{3}$$

$$-\frac{3}{8}$$

Question 16

You did not answer the question.

Calculate the limit.

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{(5x - 5\tan(x))}{(4x - 4\sin(x))}$$

$$a)$$
 $\frac{5}{2}$

$$-\frac{2}{5}$$

$$\frac{5}{e}$$

You did not answer the question.

Calculate the limit.

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{(\cos(x) - \cos(5x))}{(\sin(x^2))}$$

- a) 24
- **b**) 12
- c) 🔵 -12
- **d**) 1
- e) (

Question 18

You did not answer the question.

Calculate the limit.

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2} \pi - \arctan(x)\right)}{\left(\frac{9}{x}\right)}$$

- a) 1
- $-\frac{1}{9}$
- c) 0
- $\frac{2}{9}$
- $\frac{1}{9}$

Question 19

You did not answer the question.

Calculate the limit.

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{6}{x (\ln(x+5) - \ln(x))}$$

- a) 1
- b) <u>5</u> 6
- $\frac{6}{5}$
- **d**) 🜑 0
- $\frac{6}{6}$ $-\frac{6}{5}$

Question 20

You did not answer the question.

Find values for a and b such that

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\cos(ax) - b}{(2x^2)} = -100$$

- a) a = (20, -20), b = 0
- c) a = (-20, 20), b = 1
- e) a = (-20, 20), b = -1