

PRINTABLE VERSION

Quiz 6

You scored 0 out of 100

Question 1

You did not answer the question.

Calculate the integral.

$$\int \frac{5}{(x-3)(x+2)} dx$$

- a) $\ln \left| \frac{x-3}{x+2} \right| + C$
- b) $\ln |(x-3)(x+2)| + C$
- c) $5 \ln |(x-3) + (x+2)| + C$
- d) $5 \ln \left| \frac{x-3}{x+2} \right| + C$
- e) $\ln |(x-3) - (x+2)| + C$

Question 2

You did not answer the question.

Calculate the integral.

$$\int \frac{5x^4 - 4x^3 + 4x^2 + 2}{x^3 - x^2} dx$$

- a) $\frac{5}{2}x^2 + x - 2 \ln |x| + 2 \ln |x-1| + C$
- b) $-\frac{5}{2}x^2 + 3 \ln |x-1| + \frac{2}{x} + C$
- c) $\frac{5}{2}x^2 + x - 2 \ln |x| + 7 \ln |x-1| + \frac{2}{x} + C$

d) $5x - 2 \ln|x| + 7 \ln|x-1| + \frac{2}{x} + C$

e) $\frac{5}{2}x^2 + x - 2 \ln|x| + \frac{2}{x} + C$

Question 3

You did not answer the question.

Calculate the integral.

$$\int \frac{3x^2 + 9}{x(x^2 - 3)} dx$$

a) $x \ln|x| - \ln|x^2 - 3| + C$

b) $-3 \ln|x| + 3 \ln|x^2 + 3| + C$

c) $-3 \ln|x| + x \ln|x^2 - 3| + C$

d) $-3 \ln|x| + 3 \ln|x^2 - 3| + C$

e) $\ln|x| + x \ln|x^2 + 3| + C$

Question 4

You did not answer the question.

Calculate the integral.

$$\int \frac{4x + 48}{x^2 - 12x + 11} dx$$

a) $-\frac{46}{5} \ln|x-11| + \frac{26}{5} \ln|x-1| + C$

b) $\frac{92}{15} \ln|x-11| - \frac{52}{15} \ln|x-1| + C$

c) $-\frac{69}{5} \ln|x-11| + \frac{39}{5} \ln|x-1| + C$

d) $\frac{46}{5} \ln|x-11| - \frac{26}{5} \ln|x-1| + C$

e) $\frac{92}{5} \ln|x-11| - \frac{52}{5} \ln|x-1| + C$

Question 5

You did not answer the question.

Calculate the integral.

$$\int \frac{2}{8x^2 + 16x + 16} dx$$

a) $-\frac{1}{4} \arcsin(x+1) + C$

b) $\frac{1}{4} \arctan(x+1) + C$

c) $\frac{1}{4} \operatorname{arccot}(x+1) + C$

d) $2(8x^2 + 16x + 16)^{3/2} + C$

e) $\frac{32x}{(8x^2 + 16x + 16)^2} + C$

Question 6

You did not answer the question.

Calculate the integral.

$$\int \frac{4x^2}{(x-6)^2(x+6)} dx$$

a) $\ln|x+6| - \frac{12}{x-6} + \ln|x-6| + C$

b) $-\ln|x+6| - \frac{12}{x-6} - 3\ln|x-6| + C$

c) $\ln|x+6| - \frac{12}{x-6} + 3\ln|x-6| + C$

d) $\ln|x+6| - \frac{12}{(x-6)^2} + 3\ln|x-6| + C$

e) $2\ln|x+6| - \frac{12}{x-6} - \ln|x-6| + C$

Question 7

You did not answer the question.

Calculate the integral.

$$\int \frac{5}{x^4 - 16} dx$$

a) $-\frac{5}{16} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right) + \frac{5}{16} \ln\left|\frac{x+2}{x-2}\right| + C$

b) $-\frac{5}{16} \operatorname{arccot}\left(\frac{1}{5}x\right) + \frac{5}{32} \ln\left|\frac{x-2}{x+2}\right| + C$

c) $-\frac{5}{16} \operatorname{arccot}\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right) - \frac{5}{16} \ln\left|\frac{x-2}{x+2}\right| + C$

d) $-\frac{1}{16} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{5}x\right) + \frac{1}{32} \ln\left|\frac{x+2}{x-2}\right| + C$

e) $-\frac{5}{16} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right) + \frac{5}{32} \ln\left|\frac{x-2}{x+2}\right| + C$

Question 8

You did not answer the question.

Calculate the integral.

$$\int \frac{3x+3}{x^3+x^2} dx$$

a) $3\ln|x+1| - \frac{3}{x} + C$

b) $2 \ln - \frac{1}{x} + C$

c) C

d) $-\frac{3}{x} + C$

e) $-\frac{3}{x} + 3 \ln |x| + C$

Question 9

You did not answer the question.

Evaluate the integral.

$$\int_0^2 \frac{x}{x^2 + 8x + 7} dx$$

a) $-\frac{7}{4} \ln(7) + \frac{13}{4} \ln(3)$

b) $-\frac{7}{2} \ln(7) + \frac{13}{2} \ln(3)$

c) $-\frac{7}{6} \ln(7) + \frac{13}{6} \ln(3)$

d) $-\frac{7}{3} \ln(7) + \frac{13}{3} \ln(3)$

e) $-\frac{7}{9} \ln(7) + \frac{13}{9} \ln(3)$

Question 10

You did not answer the question.

Evaluate the integral.

$$\int_1^3 \frac{1}{x^3 + 6x} dx$$

a) $\frac{1}{8} \ln(7) - \frac{1}{8} \ln(5) + \frac{1}{8} \ln(3)$

b) $\frac{1}{12} \ln(7) - \frac{1}{12} \ln(5) + \frac{1}{12} \ln(3)$

c) $\frac{1}{4} \ln(7) - \frac{1}{4} \ln(5) + \frac{1}{4} \ln(3)$

d) $\frac{1}{18} \ln(7) - \frac{1}{18} \ln(5) + \frac{1}{18} \ln(3)$

e) $\frac{1}{6} \ln(7) - \frac{1}{6} \ln(5) + \frac{1}{6} \ln(3)$

Question 11

You did not answer the question.

Calculate the integral.

$$\int \frac{\cos(x)}{(\sin(x))^2 - 3 \sin(x) - 10} dx$$

a) $-\frac{1}{7} \ln \left| \frac{\sin(x)}{\sin(x) + 2} \right| + C$

b) $\frac{1}{7} \ln \left| \frac{\sin(x) - 2}{\sin(x) + 5} \right| + C$

c) $\frac{1}{7} \ln \left| \frac{\sin(x) - 5}{\sin(x) + 2} \right| + C$

d) $\frac{1}{7} \ln \left| \frac{\sin(x) + 2}{\sin(x) - 5} \right| + C$

e) $\frac{2}{7} \ln \left| \frac{\sin(x) - 5}{\sin(x) + 2} \right| + C$

Question 12

You did not answer the question.

Calculate the integral.

$$\int \frac{e^x}{e^{2x} + 9e^x + 14} dx$$

a) $\frac{2}{5} \ln \left| \frac{e^x + 2}{e^x + 7} \right| + C$

b) $\frac{1}{5} \ln \left| \frac{e^x + 2}{e^x + 7} \right| + C$

c) $\frac{1}{5} \ln \left| \frac{e^x + 7}{e^x + 2} \right| + C$

d) $\frac{2}{5} \ln |(e^x - 2)(e^x - 7)| + C$

e) $-\frac{1}{5} \ln |(e^x + 7)(e^x + 2)| + C$

Question 13

You did not answer the question.

Estimate the given integral by the midpoint estimate, $n = 12$.

$$\int_0^6 2x^2 dx$$

a) 158

b) 151

c) 144

d) 130

e) 137

Question 14

You did not answer the question.

Estimate the given integral by the trapezoidal rule, $n = 12$.

$$\int_0^6 4x^2 dx$$

- a) 303
- b) 260
- c) 318
- d) 289
- e) 275

Question 15

You did not answer the question.

Estimate the given integral by the trapezoidal rule, $n = 5$.

$$\int_0^1 \sin^2 \left(\frac{1}{5} \pi x \right) dx$$

- a) 0.0738
- b) 0.0984
- c) 0.123
- d) 0.1722
- e) 0.1476

Question 16

You did not answer the question.

Estimate the given integral by the trapezoidal rule, $n = 4$.

$$\int_0^2 \frac{1}{\sqrt{4+x^3}} dx$$

- a) 0.6808
- b) 0.851
- c) 1.0212

d) 0.7659

e) 0.9361

Question 17

You did not answer the question.

Estimate the given integral by Simpson's rule, $n = 4$.

$$\int_0^1 \frac{1}{\sqrt{2+x^3}} dx$$

a) 0.8028

b) 0.669

c) 0.5352

d) 0.6021

e) 0.7359

Question 18

You did not answer the question.

Determine the values of n which guarantee a theoretical error less than $\varepsilon = 0.001$ if the integral is estimated by the trapezoidal rule.

$$\int_1^4 \sqrt{x} dx$$

a) $n \geq 25$

b) $n \geq 22$

c) $n \geq 24$

d) $n \geq 26$

e) $n \geq 27$

Question 19

You did not answer the question.

Determine the values of n which guarantee a theoretical error less than $\varepsilon = 0.1$ if the integral is estimated by the trapezoidal rule.

$$\int_1^3 e^x dx$$

- a) $n \geq 15$
- b) $n \geq 10$
- c) $n \geq 11$
- d) $n \geq 14$
- e) $n \geq 12$

Question 20

You did not answer the question.

Determine the values of n which guarantee a theoretical error less than $\varepsilon = 0.01$ if the integral is estimated by the trapezoidal rule.

$$\int_3^{e^2} \ln(x) dx$$

- a) $n \geq 10$
- b) $n \geq 11$
- c) $n \geq 9$
- d) $n \geq 12$
- e) $n \geq 7$